### § 70.461

property seized by officers of the Bureau of Alcohol. Tobacco and Firearms as subject to forfeiture as being used, or intended to be used, to violate certain Federal laws; the remission or mitigation of such forfeiture; and the administrative sale or other disposition, pursuant to forfeiture, of such seized property other than firearms seized under the National Firearms Act and firearms and ammunition seized under Title I of the Gun Control Act of 1968. as amended. For disposal of firearms under the National Firearms Act, see 26 U.S.C. 5872(b). For disposal of firearms and ammunition under Title I of the Gun Control Act of 1968, see 18 U.S.C. 924(d). For disposal of explosives under Title XI of Organized Crime Control Act of 1970, see 18 U.S.C. 844(c).

#### Possessions

## § 70.461 Shipments to the United States.

For regulations under 26 U.S.C. 7652, see 27 CFR part 26 relating to liquors and articles from Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands; and 27 CFR part 41 relating to cigars, cigarettes, and cigarette papers and tubes.

(68A Stat. 907, as amended (26 U.S.C. 7652))

[T.D. ATF-6, 38 FR 32445, Nov. 26, 1973, as amended by T.D. ATF-249, 52 FR 5961, Feb. 27, 1987. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-301, 55 FR 47606, Nov. 14, 1990, as amended by T.D. ATF-459, 66 FR 38550, July 25, 2001; T.D. TTB-16, 69 FR 52423, Aug. 26, 2004]

# § 70.462 Shipments from the United States.

For regulations under 26 U.S.C. 7653, see 27 CFR part 196 relating to stills; 27 CFR part 28 relating to exportation of liquors; and 27 CFR part 44, relating to exportation of cigars, cigarettes, and cigarette papers and tubes.

(68A Stat. 908, as amended; (26 U.S.C. 7653))

[T.D. ATF-6, 38 FR 32445, Nov. 26, 1973, as amended by T.D. ATF-249, 52 FR 5961, Feb. 27, 1987. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-301, 55 FR 47606, Nov. 14, 1990; T.D. ATF-464, 66 FR 43480, Aug. 20, 2001; T.D. TTB-8, 69 FR 3830, Jan. 27, 20041

#### RULINGS

## § 70.471 Rulings.

- (a) Requests for rulings. Any person who is in doubt as to any matter arising in connection with:
- (1) Operations or transactions in the alcohol tax area or under the Federal Alcohol Administration Act;
- (2) Operations or transactions in the tobacco tax area; or
- (3) The taxes relating to machine guns, destructive devices, and certain other firearms imposed by chapter 53 of the Internal Revenue Code; the registration by importers and manufacturers of, and dealers in, such firearms; the registration of such firearms; the licensing of importers and manufacturers of, and dealers in, firearms and ammunition, and collectors of firearms and ammunition curios and relics under chapter 44 of title 18 of the United States Code; the licensing of manufacturers, importers, manufacturer of, and dealers in, explosives and issuance of permits for users of explosives under chapter 40 of title 18 of the United States Code; and registration of importers of, and permits to import, arms, ammunition, and implements of war, under section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act of 1976; and the taxes relating to pistols, revolvers, firearms (other than pistols and revolvers), shells and cartridges imposed by chapter 32 of the Internal Revenue Code, may request a ruling thereon by addressing a letter to the appropriate ATF official. A ruling can be issued only from Bureau Headquarters unless the issues involved are clearly covered by currently effective rulings or come within the plain intent of the statutes or regulations.
- (b) Routine requests for information. Routine requests for information should be addressed to the appropriate ATF officer.

[T.D. ATF-450, 66 FR 29029, May 29, 2001]

## ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

# § 70.481 Agreements for payment of liability in installments.

(a) Authorization of agreements. The appropriate TTB officer, is authorized to enter into written agreements with

any taxpayer under which such taxpayer is allowed to satisfy liability for payment of any tax in installment payments if the appropriate TTB officer determines that such agreement will facilitate collection of such liability.

- (b) Extent to which agreements remain in effect—(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (b), any agreement under paragraph (a) of this section shall remain in effect for the term of the agreement.
- (2) Inadequate information or jeopardy. The officer who entered into an installment agreement under paragraph (a) of this section may terminate such agreement if:
- (i) Information which the taxpayer provided prior to the date such agreement was entered into was inaccurate or incomplete, or
- (ii) The appropriate TTB officer believes that collection of any tax to which an agreement under this section relates is in jeopardy.
- (3) Subsequent change in financial conditions—(i) In general. If the officer who entered into an installment agreement under paragraph (a) of this section makes a determination that the financial condition of the taxpayer has significantly changed, the officer may alter, modify, or terminate such agreement.
- (ii) *Notice*. Action may be taken by the appropriate TTB officer under paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section only if:
- (A) Notice of such determination is provided to the taxpayer no later than 30 days prior to the date of such action, and
- (B) Such notice includes the reasons why the officer believes a significant change in the financial condition of the taxpayer has occurred.
- (4) Failure to pay an installment or any other tax liability when due or to provide requested financial information. The officer who entered into an installment agreement under paragraph (a) of this section may alter, modify, or terminate such agreement in the case of the failure of the taxpayer:
- (i) To pay an installment at the time such installment payment is due under such agreement,
- (ii) To pay any other tax liability at the time such liability is due, or

(iii) To provide a financial condition update as requested by the appropriate TTB officer.

(26 U.S.C. 6159)

[T.D. ATF-301, 55 FR 47655, Nov. 14, 1990, as amended by T.D. ATF-450, 66 FR 29029, May 29, 2001]

# § 70.482 Offers in compromise of liabilities (other than forfeiture) under 26 U.S.C.

- (a) In general. The appropriate TTB officer may compromise any civil or criminal liability arising under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. enforced and administered by TTB prior to reference of a case involving such liability to the Department of Justice for prosecution or defense. (For compromise of forfeiture liability, see §70.484 of this part.) Any such liability may be compromised only upon one or both of the following two grounds:
  - (1) Doubt as to liability; or
  - (2) Doubt as to collectibility.

No such liability will be compromised if the liability has been established by a valid judgment or is certain, and there is no doubt as to the ability of the Government to collect the amounts owing with respect to such liability.

- (b) Scope of compromise agreement. A compromise agreement may relate to civil or criminal liability for taxes, interest, ad valorem penalties, or specific penalties. However, a criminal liability may be compromised only if it involves a violation of a regulatory provision of 26 U.S.C., or a related statute, and then only if such violation was not deliberately committed with an intent to defraud.
- (c) Effect of compromise agreement. A compromise agreement relates to the entire liability of the taxpayer (including taxes, ad valorem penalties, and interest) with respect to which the offer in compromise is submitted and all questions of such liability are conclusively settled thereby. Specific penalties, however, shall be compromised separately and not in connection with taxes, interest, or ad valorem penalties. Neither the taxpayer nor the Government shall, upon acceptance of an offer in compromise, be permitted to reopen the case except by reason of falsification or concealment of assets by the taxpayer, or mutual mistake of